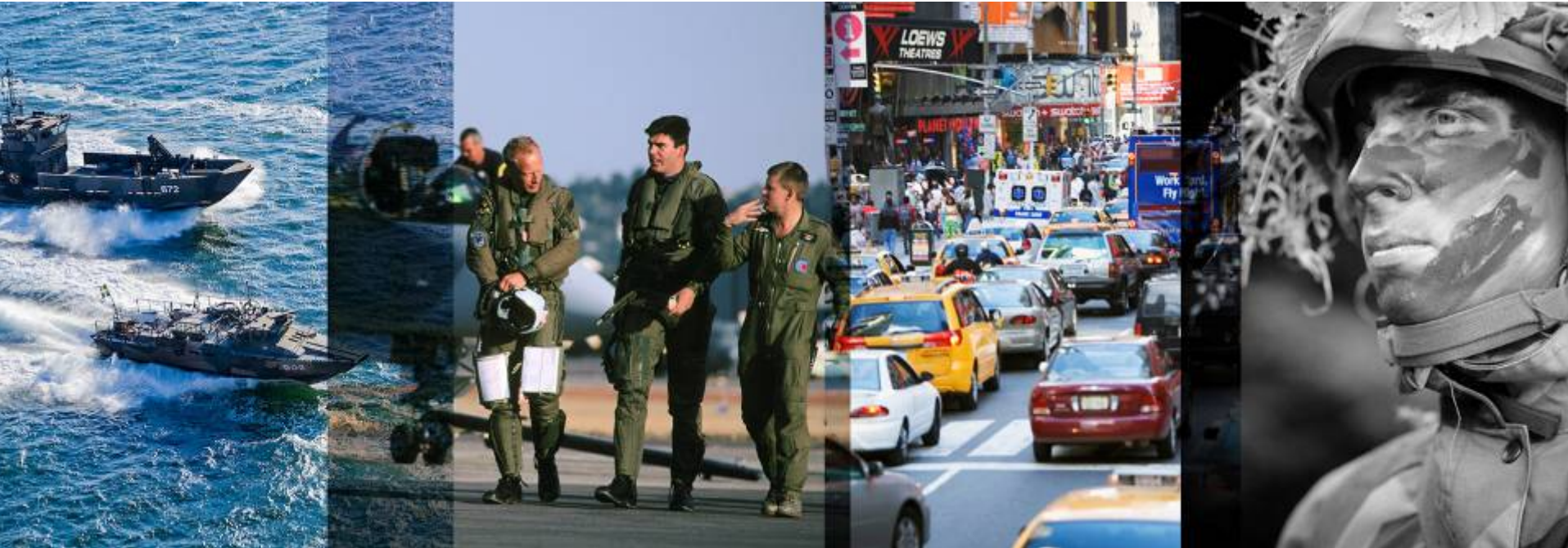


Lean Integration

AoC Pretoria 2009

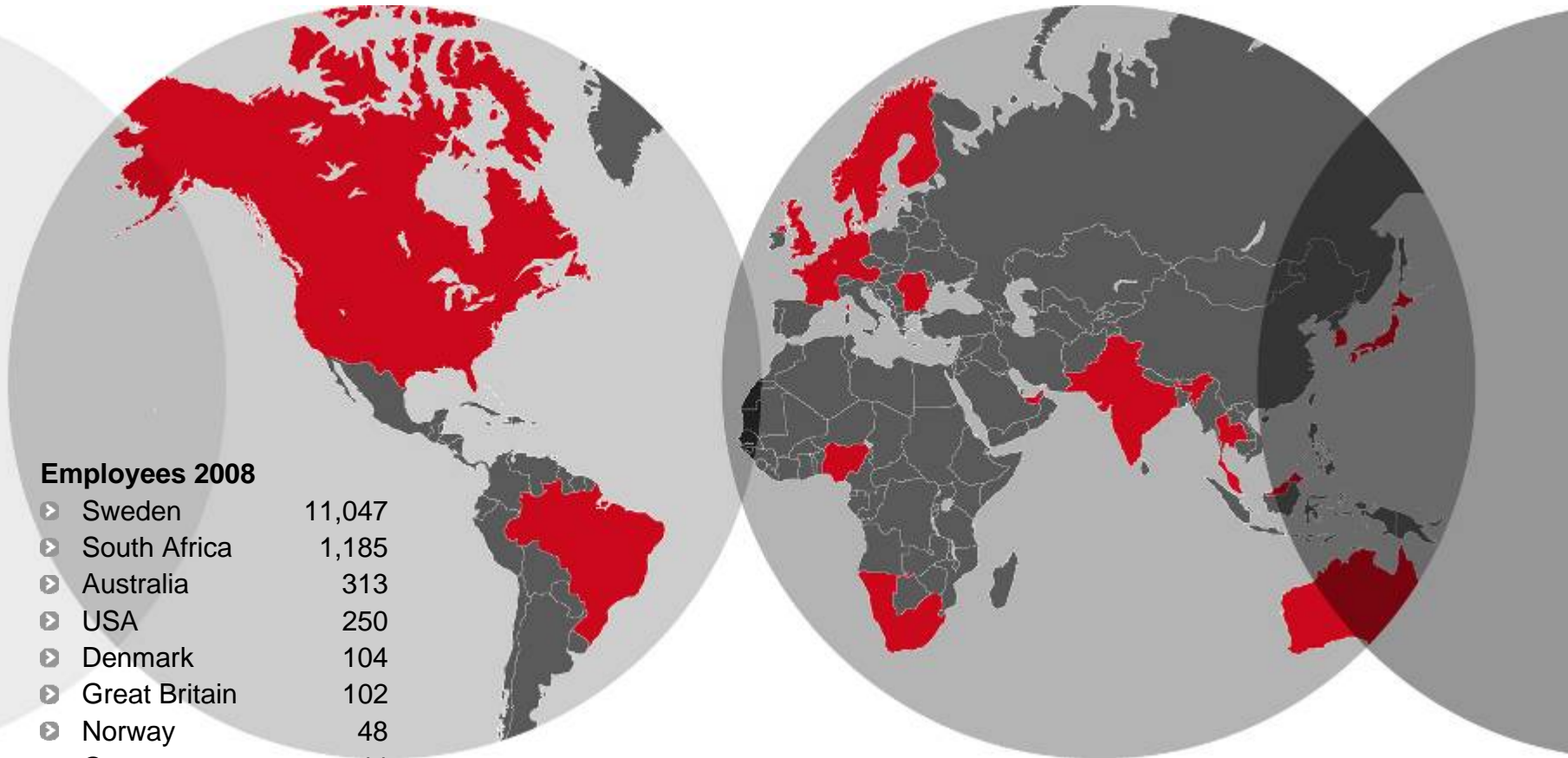


NAME Arne Mattsson

DATE Aug 26 2009

TITLE Lean Integration











SAAB WORLDWIDE



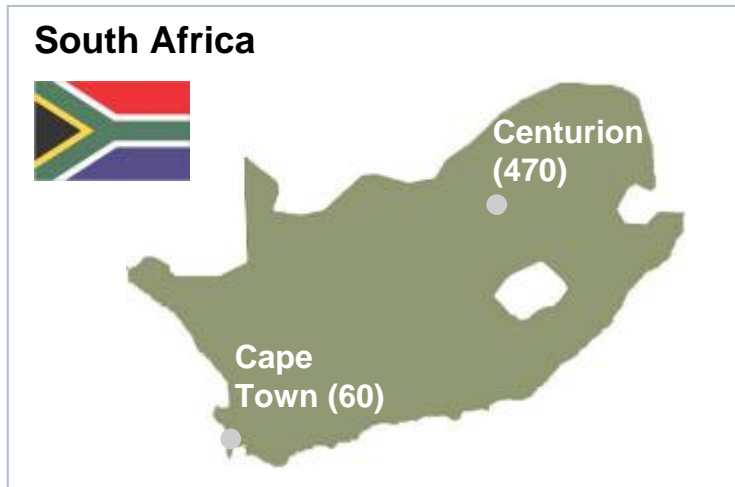
Employees 2008

▶ Sweden	11,047
▶ South Africa	1,185
▶ Australia	313
▶ USA	250
▶ Denmark	104
▶ Great Britain	102
▶ Norway	48
▶ Germany	44
▶ Switzerland	34
▶ Other	77

SAAB'S CAPABILITIES

Support Solutions		Aviation		Sensor Systems
		Electronic Warfare		Simulation and Training
		Weapon Systems		Signature Management
		Command and Control		Communication
		Underwater Systems		Civil Security

Saab Avitronics, 1 300 employees in two countries



Saab Avionics

The defence electronics partner since 1941

More than half a century of development and manufacturing of avionics systems, starting with a bomb sight for the B17 in 1941.

Almost 50 years of experience within Electronic Warfare starting 1959 when we delivered the world's first Radar Warner for a fighter, Saab J29.



Content, a contractor perspective

- For what roles are protection asked for?
- Type of threats
- What type of capabilities are asked for?
- Aircrafts receiving new or enhanced equipment
- “Lean integration”, what is it?
- Lean integration - Examples

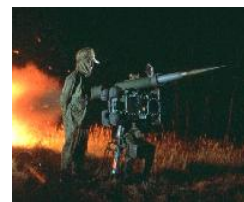
For what roles are protection asked for?

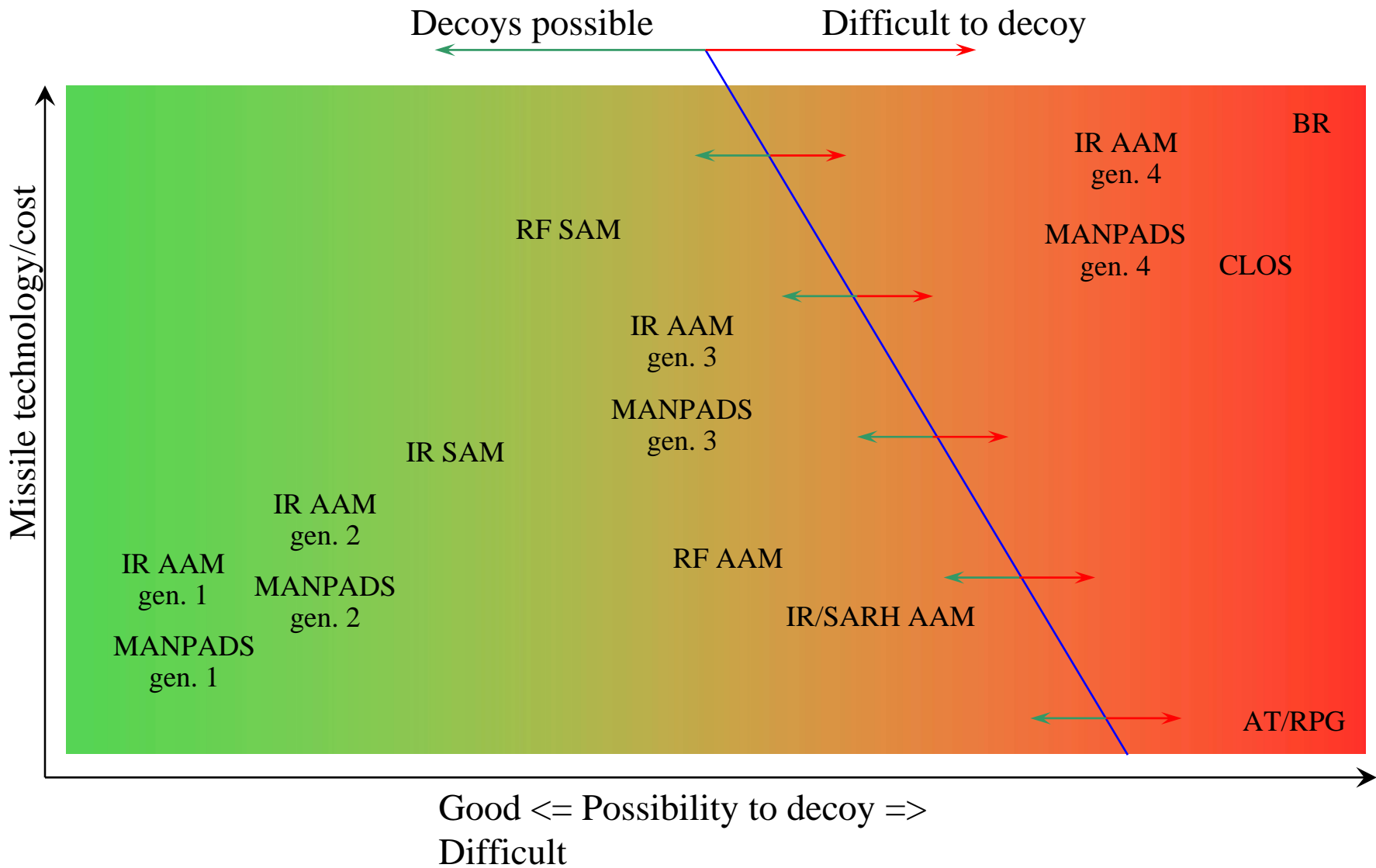
- Transport
- CAS
- Fighter
- Ground/attack
- Command / early warning
- Escort
- CAP

Type of threats



- MANPADS (SA-7, SA-14, SA-16, SA-18, HN-5, FN-6)
- IR AAM (AA-8, AA-11)
- IR SAM (SA-9, SA-13)
- RF AAM (AA-9, AA-12)
- RF SAM (Command type, SA-2, SA-3, SA-4, SA-5, SA-6, SA-8, SA-10, SA-15)
- IR/RF AAM (also IR/SARH Semi Active Radar Homing, AA-2, AA-6, AA-7, AA-10)
- CLOS (LLTV, Wire, Radar, Radio)
- Beam riders
- AT/RPG (RPG-7)





What type of capabilities are asked for?

- RF protection
 - Corridor
 - Self protection
 - Pre-emptive
 - Reactive
- IR protection
 - Pre-emptive (rail keeper)
 - Reactive
- Beam riders
- CLOS
- RPG/AT



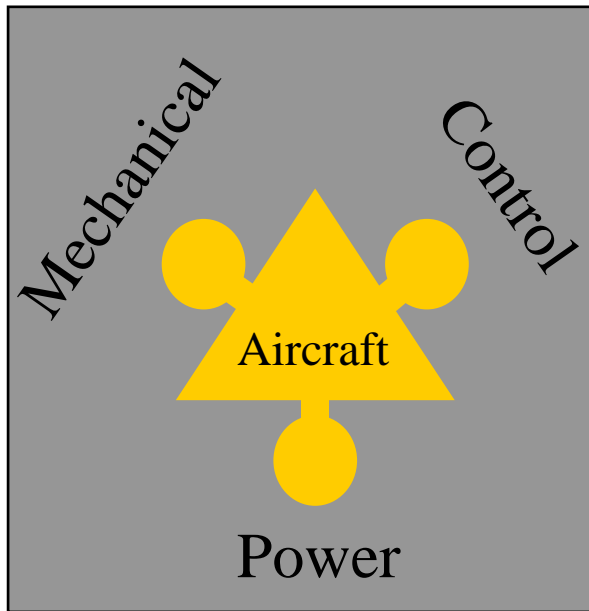
Aircrafts receiving new or enhanced equipment

- Transport aircraft
- Ground role aircraft
- Fighters
- Forward air control role aircraft
- Cost Guard / patrol aircraft
- Command / early warning aircraft
- VIP
- HoS
- Helicopter

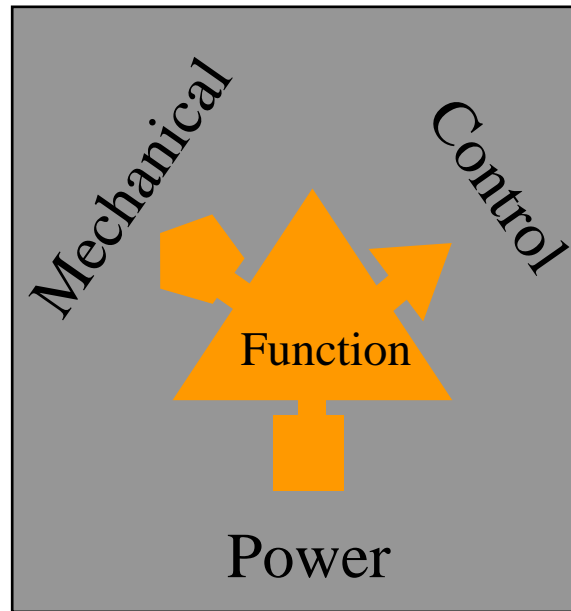
Integration

- Dictionary: "*Combining components into an overall system*"
(© 1993-2007 Denis Howe)
- Integrating the function
 - Getting the function onto the aircraft
- Integration of the capability also has to include
 - Education and Training
 - Operational Support
 - Test Equipment
 - Maintenance
 - Repairs and spair parts
 - Product maintenance (Contractors obligation)

A piece of the puzzle



Interfaces
to Aircraft



Function
interfaces

= High integration
cost

“Lean integration” what is it?

- In general, a cost effective method for achieving and maintaining EW capability
 - Cost effective Verification, Qualification and Documentation
 - Method of installation
 - Method to maintain and support
 - Process of procuring new/enhanced equipment or capabilities
- Method to reduce project time, cost and risk
- Maintain CONOPS

Lean Integration

Cost effective verification qualification and documentation

Generic System data:

- Specification
- Verifications
- Maintenance
- Spares
- ILS data
- Repair
- Education
- Test equipment
- Ground support equipment



CAMPS on Embraer 120

Any aircraft that can carry an ASRAAM, AMRAAM; Sidewinder or IRIS-T



BOL on Typhoon



BOL on gripen



BOL on F-18



BOL on F-15

Generic product data:

- Specification
- Verifications
- Maintenance
- Spares
- ILS data
- Repair
- Education



Generic module data:

- Production documentation
- Spares
- ILS data
- Repair



Lean Integration

Method of installation

- Investigate possibility to reuse existing interfaces
 - HW
 - Launchers
 - Pods
 - Power
 - Use of existing power
 - Control
 - Data links
 - Discrete lines
 - Wireless
 - Master – slave concept (simultaneous BC capability while acting as RT)



Lean Integration

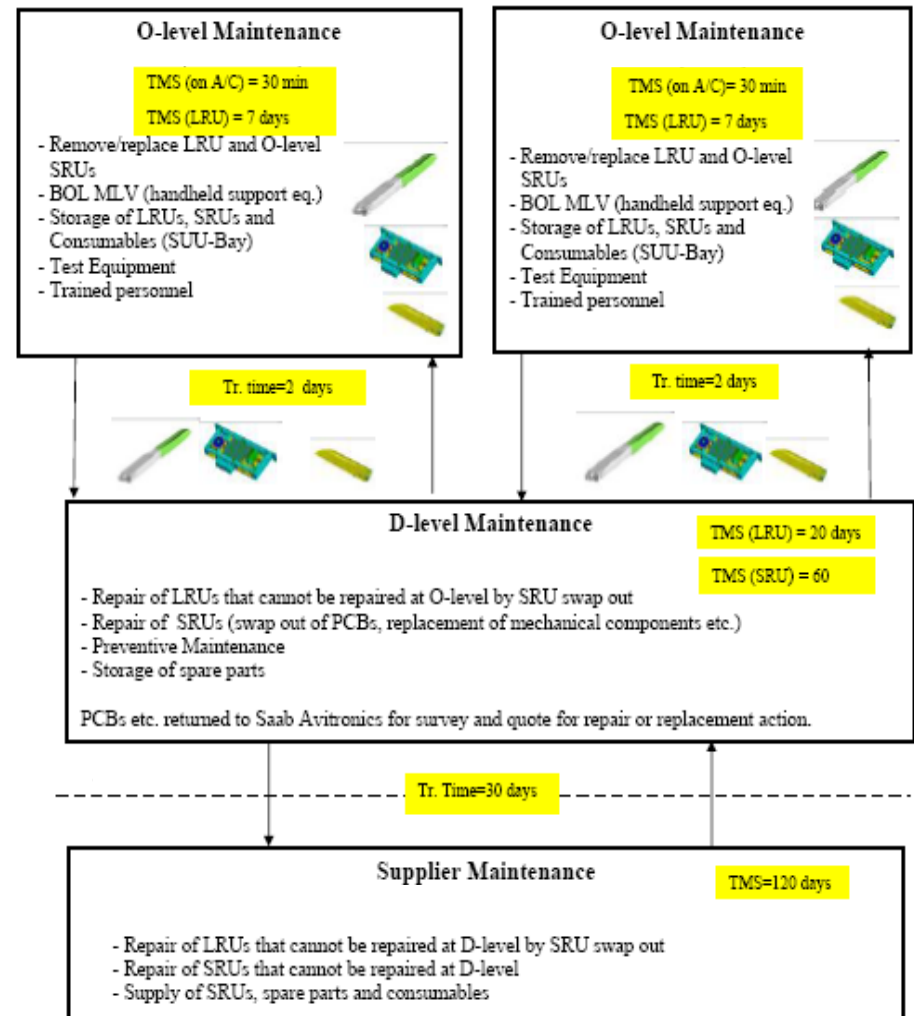
Method to reduce project time and risk

- Mitigate risk by early testing (ground and flight)
- Delta analysis and qualification
- Reuse proven interfaces
- Ensure growth potential
- “don’t fix it if it’s not broken”

Lean Integration

Method to maintain and support

- Mature products
- Support analysis
 - Reliability
 - Availability
 - Support equipment need
 - Time to Repair
 - Time to Make Serviceable (TMS)
 - Training Needs Analysis (TNA)



Lean integration

Process of procuring new/enhanced equipment or capabilities

- Reuse industry product specifications
- Use COTS products or modules
- Team approach
- Define what is “shall” and “should”
- Delta analysis and qualification
- Do not reinvent
- Define logistics
- Analyse need for level of integration

Lean integration

Preparation for Lean integration

- ▶ What can the industry do?
 - Product strategies
 - Building blocks / modular design
 - Reuse x % of existing building blocks
 - Products Integration concepts
 - Mechanical
 - Electrical
 - Control
 - Allow reuse of tactics
 - Generic verification that can be reused
 - Generic documentation that can be reused

Lean integration

Preparation for Lean integration

- What can the Purchaser do?
 - Clear functional requirements
 - Strive for standardized Interfaces
 - Electrical
 - Power
 - Links
 - Open protocol for basic functionality
 - Allow for using generic document formats or standardized formats
 - Put requirements on industry to standardize

Lean integration

Examples

BOL on F7A-18 Hornet

- ▶ Seamless control
- ▶ Team approach
- ▶ Reuse of industry specifications
- ▶ Reuse of previous qualification results
- ▶ Delta analysis and qualification



RAAF photo

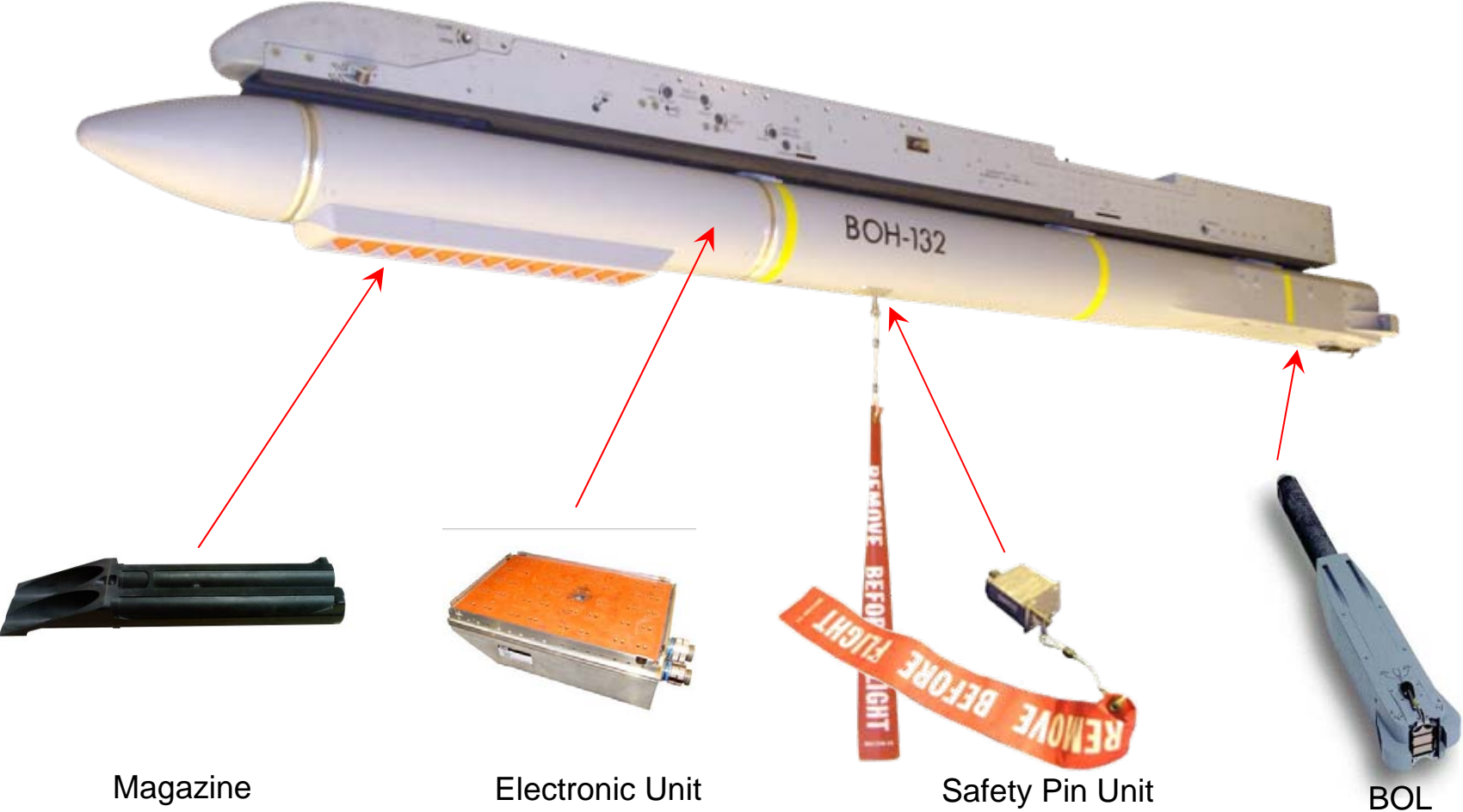
Lean integration

Examples

BOH

- In the leanest possible way provide additional advanced countermeasures capability
- Use the same electrical and hardware interfaces as the AIM-9, AIM-9X, AIM-120, AIM-132 (ASRAAM) and IRIS-T missiles
- Shall fit LAU-7, LAU-127, LAU-128, LAU-129, MML, CRL etc.
- Incorporate forward firing capability (pyrotechnical)
- Incorporate BOL capability
- Reusing existing technology, products, modules and building blocks to minimize development cost/lead-time and risks

BOH building blocks



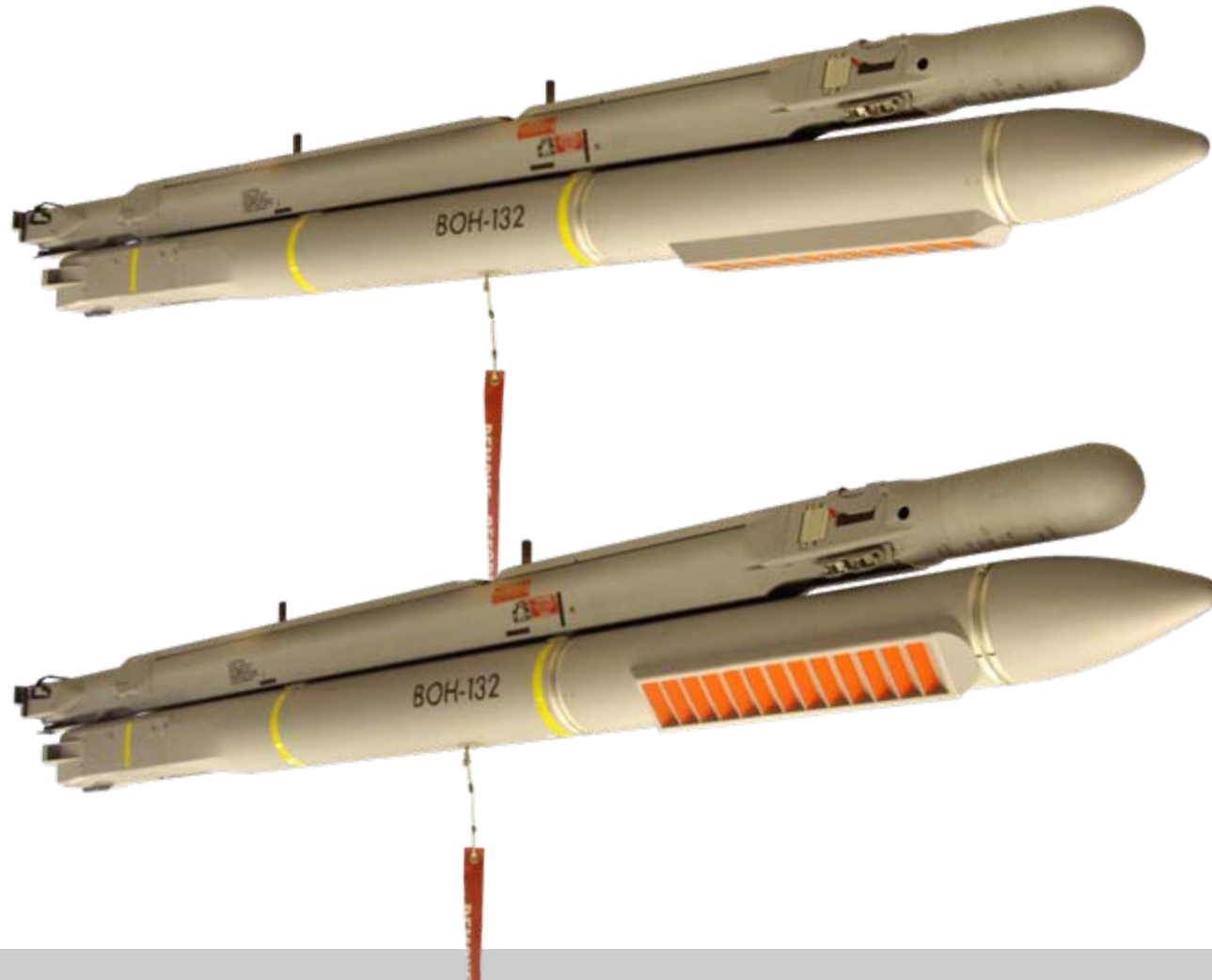
Magazine

Electronic Unit
for pyrotechnical dispenser

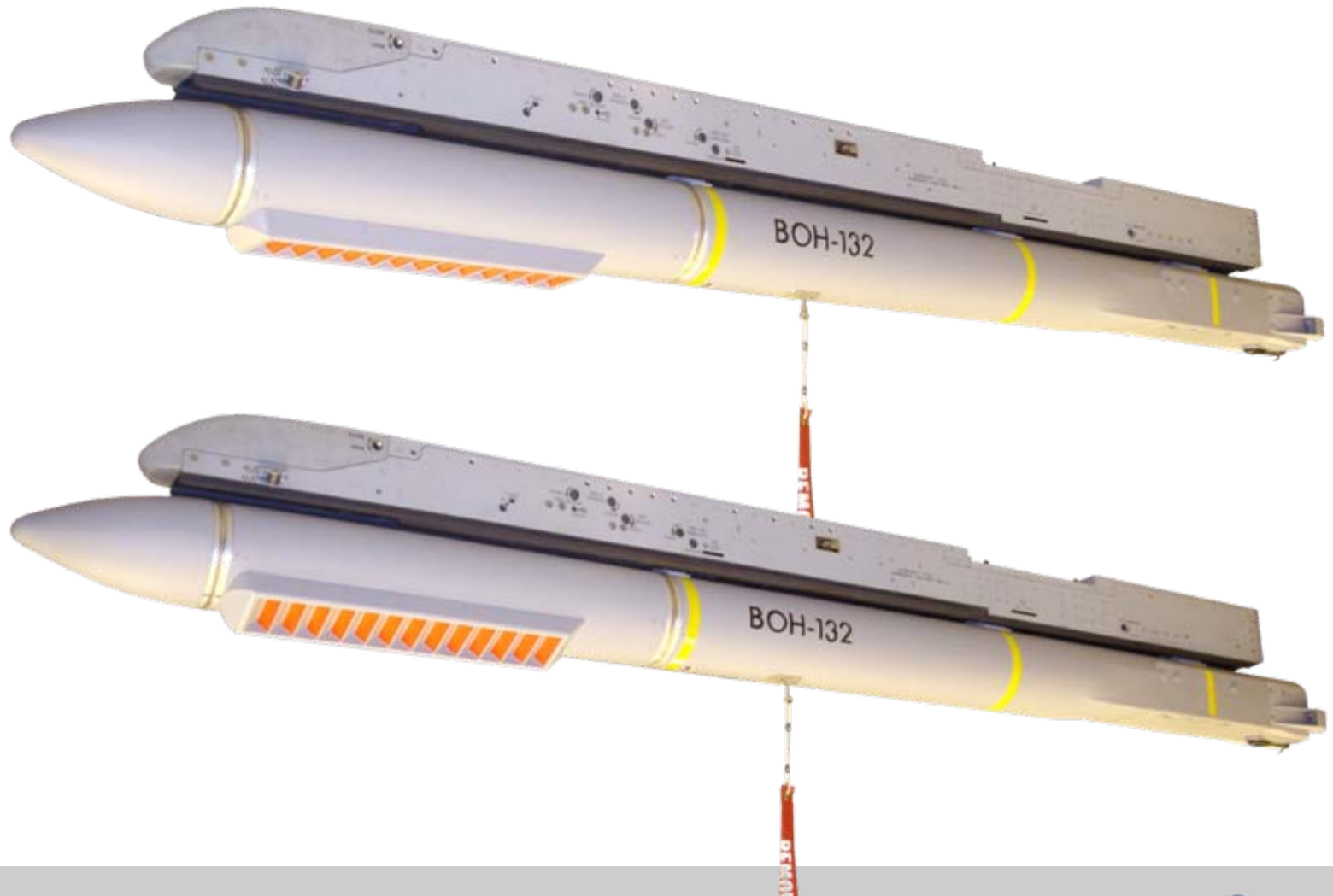
Safety Pin Unit

BOL

BOH on UK BOL-304 Launcher



BOH on USAF LAU-129 Launcher

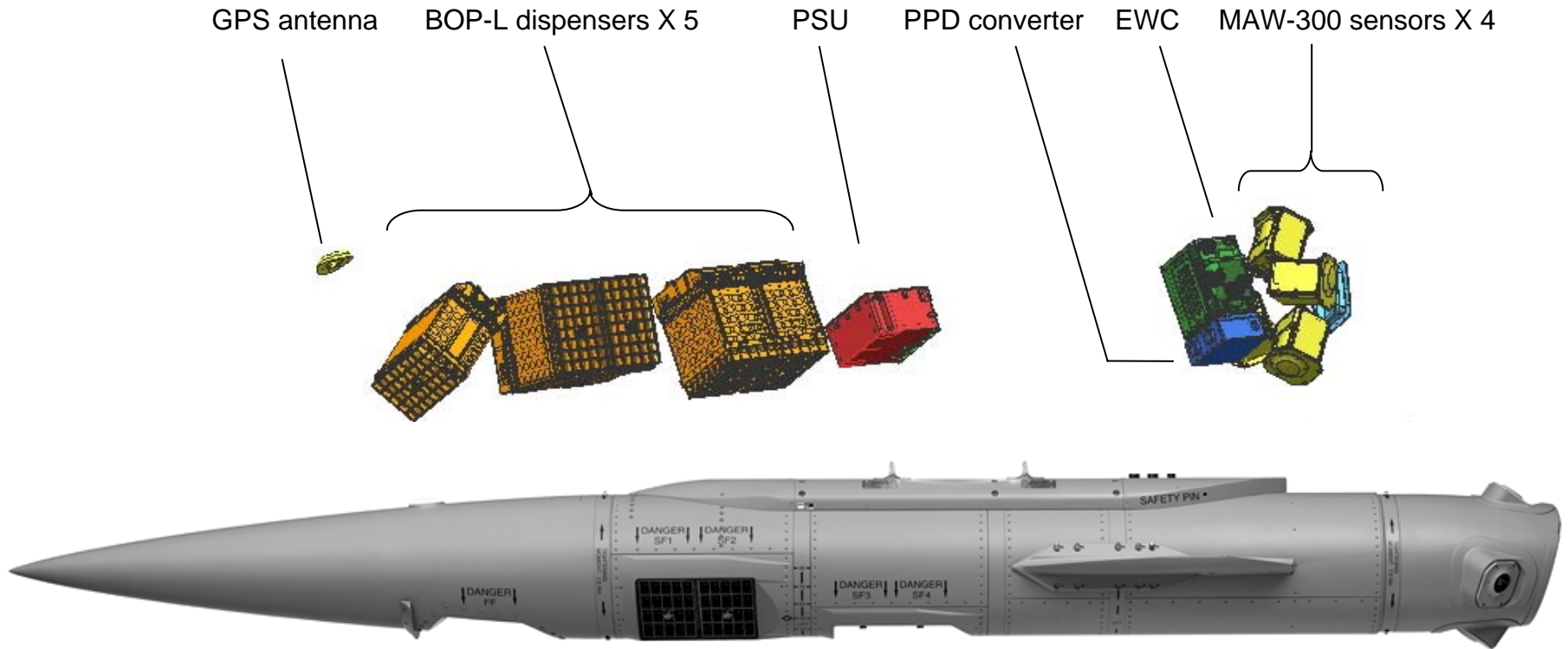


Lean integration Examples

BOZ EC

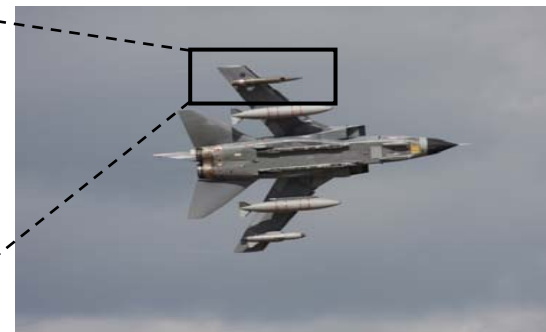


SYSTEM OVERVIEW



AIRCRAFT INTERFACE

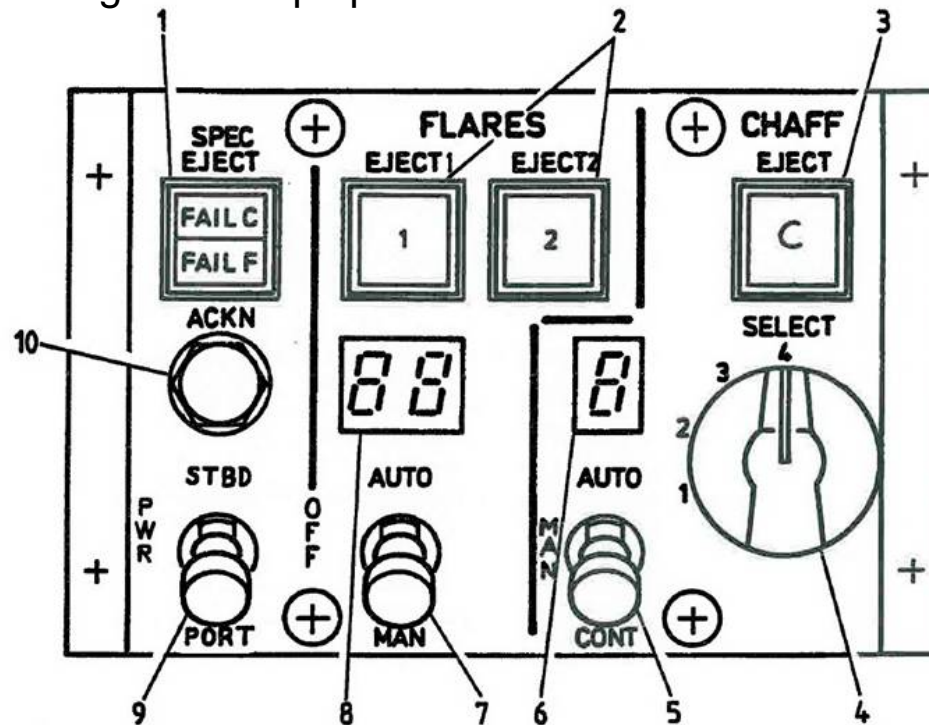
- Aircraft interface is plug-and-play
 - Electrical properties identical to original BOZ
 - Power properties within original specification
 - Aerodynamic properties similar to original BOZ
 - No change to aerodynamic loads
 - Wind tunnel tested w.r.t. induced acoustic noise
 - Mechanical and structural properties within original specification
 - Uses original BOZ test equipment



AIRCRAFT INTERFACE

► Human Machine Interface (cockpit)

- Overview
 - Plug and play
 - No change to cockpit panel



GROUND SUPPORT INTERFACE AND EQUIPMENT

- ▶ Ground Support Interface
 - Access
 - Readily accessible on the pod aft cone
 - Outside line of fire of all dispensers (“approachable”)



GROUND SUPPORT INTERFACE AND EQUIPMENT

- ▶ Ground Support Equipment
 - Existing



Lean Integration

How to introduce new capability

- Industry to offer products and systems on a specification
- Purchaser and contractor can, if needed, compile a delta specification
- Reuse
 - Proven interfaces
 - Components – products – Systems
 - Specifications
 - Verifications
 - Test equipment
 - ILS-data
 - Manuals
- Resuse CONOPS, add capability!



SAAB

SAABGROUP.COM